

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

On page 1, lines 8-10, please amend the paragraph to read as follows:

An LCD is used in various ~~equipments~~ types of electronic equipment such as a personal computer and a cellular phone. Among various LCDs, an IPS LCD is used as a wide viewing angle LCD.

On page 1, lines 11-22 to page 2, lines 1 and 2, please amend the paragraph to read as follows:

As shown in FIG. 1(a), an IPS LCD 40 comprises a pixel region 12, an aperture 14 formed in the pixel region in which liquid crystal and strip-like pixel electrodes 16 are provided, a CS (capacitor storage) circuit 18 adjacent to the aperture 14, and a pad 20 ~~opposed~~ disposed in opposition to the CS circuit 18 and connected to the pixel electrodes 16. A CS line in a pixel region 12 is referred to as a the "CS circuit". A storage capacity is thus formed by the pad and CS circuit. A TFT (thin film transistor) 24 is used as a switching element for connecting the signal line 26 and the pad 20. A gate line 22 of the TFT 24 is provided in parallel with the CS line. The ~~pixels~~ pixel regions 12 are

arranged in rows and columns on a substrate. To the aperture 14, common electrodes 28 are provided in parallel with the pixel electrodes 16. A potential of the common electrode 28 is the earth potential. Arbitrary numbers of the pixel electrodes 16 and the common electrodes 28 can be used, ~~as far as an~~ since electric fields are generated between the pixel electrodes 16 and the common electrodes 28.

On page 3, lines 12-24, please amend the paragraphs to read as follows:

An IPS LCD of the present invention comprises: a substrate, having a plurality of pixels pixel regions in rows and columns ~~on the substrate~~, an aperture formed on the substrate in the each pixel region and having liquid crystal and one or more strip-like pixel electrodes therein; a CS circuit disposed on the substrate adjacent to the aperture and having a cut formed in a side thereof which is adjacent to the aperture; and a pad ~~opposed~~ disposed in opposition to the CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrode electrodes, in which a cut is formed in a side of the CS circuit to which the aperture is adjacent. Since the a

strip-like electrode is cut inside the cut in the CS circuit, no electric field ~~is~~ will be applied to the liquid crystal in the aperture at all. Thus, a bright pixel can be changed to a dark pixel.

The aforementioned cut is so formed that laser beam can be applied to the strip-like electrode ~~wherever~~ wherever.

Further, instead of the cut in the CS circuit, a window may be formed in a part of the CS circuit that corresponds to the location of the strip-like electrode.

On page 4, lines 1-16, please amend the paragraphs to read as follows:

In a method of changing a bright pixel to a dark pixel in an LCD comprising a substrate, having a plurality of ~~pixels~~ pixel regions arranged in a row and columns; ~~on the substrate~~, an aperture formed in the each pixel region and having liquid crystal and one or more strip-like pixel electrodes therein, a CS circuit adjacent to the aperture, i and a pad opposed to the CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes according to the present invention, the a strip-like electrode of only a bright pixel region

among the plurality of ~~pixels~~ pixel regions is cut at the end of the aperture.

Further, a method of changing a bright pixel to a dark pixel in an LCD comprising a substrate, having a plurality of ~~pixels~~ pixel regions arranged in rows and columns ~~on the substrate~~_i; an aperture formed in the each pixel region and having liquid crystal and one or more strip-like pixel electrodes therein_i; a CS circuit adjacent to the aperture_i and a pad opposed to the CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes comprises the steps of: forming a cut in a side of the CS circuit to which the aperture is adjacent; and applying laser beam to the strip-like electrode of only a bright pixel region among the plurality of ~~pixels~~ pixel regions through the cut so as to cut the strip-like electrode.

On page 5, lines 10-11 and 17-18, please amend the paragraphs to read as follows:

FIG. 1(a) shows a pixel region of a conventional IPS LCD; and FIG. 1(b) shows a relationship between electrodes and liquid crystal molecules; and FIG. 1(c) shows multiple pixel regions of an IPS LCD.

FIG. 4(a) shows a CS circuit in a pixel of the LCD according to the present invention; and FIG. 4(b) shows an enlarged view of the CS circuit; FIG. 4(c) is an enlarged cross-sectional view taken along the line A-A' of FIG. 4(a) and FIG. 4(d) is an enlarged cross-sectional view taken along the line B-B' of FIG. 4(a).